

Visakha Govt. Degree College For Women



**Certificate Course  
On  
INDIAN CONSTITUTION & GOVT**



**Conducted By  
Department of Political Science**

**COURSE OBJECTIVES**

- Preamble to the Indian Constitution
- Fundamental Rights
- Fundamental Duties
- Directive Principles of State Policy
- Centre-State Relations
- Emergency Provisions Under Indian constitution

**Course Coordinator  
Smt. P. Dhanalakshmi  
Lecturer in Political Science**

**Course Director  
Dr. S. Shobha Rani  
Principal**

# INDIAN CONSTITUTION \*

## Objectives :-

- 1. To enable the students to understand the importance of constitution.
- 2. To understand the structure, powers and functions of the executive, legislature and Judiciary.
- 3. To understand the philosophy of fundamental rights and fundamental duties.
- 4. To understand the autonomous nature of constitutional bodies like Supreme Court and High Court, Comptroller and Auditor General of India and Election Commission of India.
- 5. To understand the Centre-State relations i.e., federal nature of the Indian constitution.

# Syllabus.

- 1 - INTRODUCTION
- 2 - PREAMBLE TO THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION
- 3 - UNION and IT'S TERRITORIES.
- 4 - CITIZENSHIP
- 5 - FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS.
- 6 - DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES OF STATE POLICY
- 7 - FUNDAMENTAL DUTIES
- 8 - THE PRESIDENT
- 9 - COUNCIL OF MINISTERS, PRIME MINISTER and ATTORNEY GENERAL
- 10 - THE UNION JUDICIARY -  
the Supreme court.
- 11 - CENTRE - STATE RELATIONS.
- 12 - EMERGENCY PROVISIONS UNDER INDIAN CONSTITUTION
13. AMENDMENT PROCEDURE AS UNDER INDIAN CONSTITUTION.
14. Local self governments

# CERTIFICATE COURSE ON "INDIAN CONSTITUTION & GOVT."

About course — Constitutional law is the backbone of the legal structure of the country. It was a handwritten document and not typed and printed. A total of 283 members of the constituent assembly signed the constitution, which came into effect on 26th January 1950. It is the longest written document in the world. It took 2 years, 11 months and 18 days for the assembly to finish writing the entire constitution.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, the first law minister of free India, a jurist, an economist and a social reformer, was the chairman of the committee. He also carries the tag of "Father of Indian Constitution".

The constitutional law was enacted on 26th November 1949 and came into force on 26th January 1950. The basic ideas behind the drafting of the ~~con~~ Indian constitution have been enshrined in the Preamble of the Indian constitution. It has rightly been described as key to the mind.

of the makers of the Indian constitution.

The certificate course offered to the B.Sc students by Dept of Political Science VADC (W), Enticed students to spread awareness among the students about the framing, importance and the need of the constitution in the country.

Duration of course — 30 days  
1 Month (1st Dec 2019 to 31st D)

Date of commencement — 1st Dec' 2019

Exam Date — 31/12/19

About the Exam — The Exam will consist 50 Questions of multiple choice Questions and need to secure a minimum of 40%. NO negative marking.

Certificates will be distributed at the end of the course.

Fee for the course :- At free of cost provided the course.

## Names of the Enrolled Students.

1. K. CRAVANI
2. M. PALLAVI
3. M. HEEMA
4. CH. JAHNAVI
5. M. RAMA
6. C. RAMYA
7. S. HYMA
8. V. MOUNIKA
9. B. BUSSEI
10. G. VALUNDARA
11. K. RENUKA
12. CH. GOUTHAMI
13. O. LALITHA KUMARI
14. B. SATYA SANTOSHINI
15. P. NANDINI
16. R. JYOTHI
17. M. SREETANJALI
18. CH. VALUNDARA<sup>H</sup>
19. T. BHARATHI
20. P. ARWINI
21. B. MOUNIKA
22. P. DHANALAKSHMI
23. M. BHAVANI
24. M. SULAMA SAI
25. G. LAVANYA
26. B. SANTOSHI
27. K. DIVYA
28. M. KALPANA
29. V. RATYALAKSHMI
30. S. LAVANYA
31. M. PULHA
32. B. DIVYA
33. A. JHANSI KUMARI
34. V. HEHALATHA
35. M. KEERTHI
36. M. RAMA
37. M. SRIDENI
38. M. SANDHYA
39. D. PRASANNA KUMARI
40. K. BAANU.
41. M. APOORVA
42. M. YAHUNA
43. D. VALANTHA KUMARI
44. P. SIVA KUMARI



# పిల్లల హాజరు పట్టిక

S.V. Ags.,  
VSP-20,  
Ph: 2523203

రోజుల సంఖ్య \_\_\_\_\_  
సగటు హాజరు \_\_\_\_\_

తరగతి \_\_\_\_\_  
సెక్షన్ \_\_\_\_\_

14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	హాజరైన దినములు		పుట్టిన తేద	ప్రమాదన / చేలన తేద	లిమూ
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p	p	p	p	p	a	p	p	p	p	p	p	a	p	p	p			M. SANDHYA	38			
p	p	p	a	p	p	p	p	p	a	p	p	p	p	p	p			P. PRASANNA KUNTA	39			
p	p	p	p	p	a	p	p	p	p	p	p	a	p	p	p			K. BHANI	40			
a	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	a	p	p	p	p	p			M. APORVA	41			
p	a	p	p	p	p	a	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p			M. VAMUNA	42			
p	p	p	p	p	a	p	p	p	p	a	p	p	p	p	p			D. VASANTHAKUMARI	43			
p	a	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	a	p			P. SIVA KUMAR	44			
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అక్షరాలు : అక్షరాలు

పాఠశాల పనిచేసిన దినములు \_\_\_\_\_





# పిల్లల హాజరు పట్టిక

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14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	హాజరైన దినములు		పుట్టిన తేదీ	ప్రమాదన / చేలన తేదీ	లమూ
																		బాలు	బాలి			
P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A			20/05/20	10	
P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P			20/05/20	11		
P	A	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P			20/05/20	12	
P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P			20/05/20	13	
P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	A			20/05/20	14		
P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	A			20/05/20	15		
P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	A			20/05/20	16		
A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P			20/05/20	17		
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<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>	<del>P</del>			20/05/20	19		

పాఠశాల పనిచేసిన దినములు \_\_\_\_\_

క్లాస్ టీచర్ \_\_\_\_\_ హెడ్ మాస్టర్ \_\_\_\_\_

**Visakha Govt. Degree College for Women, Visakhapatnam**  
**Department of Political Science**  
**Assessment Test (Indian Constitution and Government) 2019-2020**

**1. First woman judge to be appointed to Supreme Court was:**

- (A) Rani Jethmalani
- (B) Anna George Malhotra
- (C) M. Fathima Beevi
- (D) Leila Seth

**2. Which of the following political parties was first de-recognized and later on again recognized as a National Party by Election Commission of India ?**

- (A) Communist Party of India
- (B) Communist Party of India-Marxist
- (C) Samajwadi Party
- (D) Republican Party of India

**3. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched:**

**STATE or UT ----- Seat of High Court**

- A. Uttarakhand -- Nainital
- B. Daman and Diu -- Ahmedabad
- C. Arunachal Pradesh - Guwahati
- D. Chhattisgarh - Bilaspur

**4. 34. Right to property according to Constitution of India is a -**

- A. Fundamental Rights
- B. Directive Principle
- C. Legal Right
- D. Social Right

**5. Which of the following amendments in the Constitution of India are related with the institution of "Panchayat Raj"?**

- 1. 106th
- 2. 100th
- 3. 73rd
- 4. 74th
- A. Only 1
- B. Only 2
- C. Both 1 & 2
- D. Both 3 & 4

**6. The first Five-Year Plan in India was launched in the year?**

- A. 1951
- B. 1947
- C. 1948
- D. 1949

**7. Who is the Chief Law Officer of India ?**

- A. Secretary, Law Department
- B. Attorney General
- C. Advocate General
- D. Solicitor General

**8. Who prepared the first draft Constitution of India ?**

- (A) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- (B) Gandhiji
- (C) Advisory Branch of the Constituent Assembly
- (D) Sardar Ballabh Bhai Patel

**9. Who was the Chairman of the Draft Committee of the Constituent Assembly ?**

- (A) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
- (B) K. M. Munshi
- (C) Jagjivan Ram
- (D) None of the above

**10. When did Constituent Assembly adopt a national Flag ?**

- (A) 22nd Aug. 1947
- (B) 22nd July 1947
- (C) 22nd Jan. 1947
- (D) 22nd Oct. 1947

**11. Who was the last British Governor General who addressed the Constituent Assembly ?**

- (A) Lord Attlee
- (B) Lord Mount Batten
- (C) Lord Bentick
- (D) None of the above

**12. When was the Constitution of India adopted by the Constituent Assembly ?**

- (A) 25th Nov. 1949
- (B) 29th Nov. 1949
- (C) 26th Nov. 1949
- (D) 27th Nov. 1949

**13. In the Parliament of India Upper House is known as ?**

- (A) Lok Sabha
- (B) Rajya Sabha
- (C) Council of States
- (D) None of the above

**14. In the National Flag, what does saffron colour represent ?**

- (A) Spirit of Renunciation
- (B) Spirit of colours
- (C) Spirit of Human nature
- (D) None of the above

**15. In the National Flag, which colour is used in the wheel ?**

- (A) Blue
- (B) Navy Blue
- (C) Red Green
- (D) Green-White

**16. Chief Election Commissioner of India holds office for a period of ?**

- A. six years
- B. during the pleasure of the President
- C. For six years or till the age of 65 years, whichever is earlier
- D. for five years or till the age of 60 years, whichever is earlier

**17. The First Election Commissioner of India was**

- A. Dr.Nagendra Singh
- B. S.P.Sen Verma
- C. Sukumar Sen
- D. K.V.K.Sundaram

**18. The judge of the Supreme Court of India now retire at the age of**

- A. 62 years
- B. 60 years
- C. 65 years
- D. 58 years

**19. Which of the following bills cannot be introduced first in the Rajya Sabha?**

- A. Bill bringing a State under the President's rule
- B. Money Bill
- C. Bill pertaining to the removal of the President by impeachment
- D. Bill proclaiming all the State of emergency arising out of war or external aggression.

**20. The speaker of the Lok Sabha:**

- A. Has no right to vote
- B. Votes like any other member of the Lok Sabha
- C. Has two votes-one in ordinary course and another in case of tie
- D. Votes only in case of tie

**21. first state in India which was created on linguistic basis ?**

- A. Gujarat
- B. Kerala
- C. Haryana
- D. Andhra Pradesh

**22. During which Five Year Plan was Green Revolution initiated in India?**

- A. 5th
- B. 6th
- C. 4th
- D. 3rd

**23. Planing Commission is a -**

- A. Political body
- B. Non-political body
- C. Quasi-political body
- D. Statutory body

**24. National Development council was constituted on**

- A. August 16, 1950
- B. April 1, 1951
- C. August 6, 1952
- D. August 16, 1952

**25. Which law officer shall have the right to speak in both the Houses of Parliament ?**

- (A) Solicitor General
- (B) Advocate General
- (C) Attorney General
- (D) Legal Advisor

**26. Which Article of the Constitution of India mentioned the posts of the Chairman and Deputy Chairman of Rajya Sabha ?**

- (A) 90
- (B) 89
- (C) 93
- (D) 94

**27. In which session of Parliament, Railway and General Budgets are presented ?**

- (A) Monsoon session
- (B) First session
- (C) Winter session
- (D) None of the above

**28. Where wards Committees are found ?**

- (A) Gram Sabha
- (B) Gram Panchayat
- (C) Municipalities
- (D) None of the above

**29. Who has the Authority to approve President Rule in the state ?**

- (A) Parliament
- (B) Lok Sabha
- (C) State Legislature
- (D) Council of State

**30. Constitutionally, who has the power to make a law on the subject mentionable in the Union List :**

- (A) Lok Sabha
- (B) Parliament
- (C) Rajya Sabha
- (D) Legislative Council

## KEY

1. Ans: C    2. Ans: B    3. Ans: B    4. Ans: C  
5. Ans: D    6. Ans: A    7. Ans: B    8. Ans: C  
9. Ans: A    10. Ans: B    11. Ans: B    12. Ans: C  
13. Ans: B    14. Ans: A    15. Ans: B    16. Ans: C  
17. Ans: C    18. Ans: C    19. Ans: B    20. Ans: D  
21. Ans: D    22. Ans: B    23. Ans: C    24. Ans: C  
25. Ans: C    26. Ans: B    27. Ans: B    28. Ans: C  
29. Ans: A    30. Ans: B

# ASSESSMENT RESULT

S.NO	NAME	MAX. MARKS
1.	K. SRAVAN	47
2.	M. PALAV	49
3.	M. HEMA	45
4.	CH. JAHNAV	47
5.	M. RAMA	46
6.	D. RAMYA	49
7.	S. HYMA	49
8.	V. MOONKA	47
9.	B. BUJJ	48
10.	G. VASUNDHARA	49
11.	K. RENUKA	47
12.	CH. GOWTHAM	49
13.	O. LALITHA KUMAR	45
14.	B. SATYA SANTHOSH	42
15.	P. NANDHON	45
16.	R. JYOTH	47
17.	M. Geethanjali	43
18.	CH. VASUNDHARA	48
19.	T. BHARATH	45
20.	P. ASWANI	40
21.	B. MOONKA	46
22.	P. DHANALAXMI	41
23.	M. BHAVAN	45
24.	M. SUSHMA SAI	47



S.No	NAME	Age	Max marks
25.	G. LAVANYA	FN	35
26.	B. SATOSH	PN	37
27.	K. DEVYA	FN	49
28.	M. KALPANA	PN	25
29.	V. RAJYA LAXMI	PN	30
30.	S. LAVANYA	PN	35
31.	M. PUSHPA	FN	37
32.	B. DEVYA	PN	49
33.	A. JHANSU KUMAR	PN	49
34.	V. HEMALATHA	FN	49
35.	M. KEERTH	PN	49
36.	M. RAMA	PN	39
37.	M. SRU DEV	PN	42
38.	M. SANDHYA	PN	43
39.	D. PRASANNA KUMAR	FN	45
40.	K. BHANU	PN	47
41.	M. APOORVA	PN	49
42.	M. YAMUNA	PN	35
43.	D. VASANTHA KUMAR	PN	40
44.	P. SHIVA KUMAR	PN	35

## Course outcomes.

- Able to understand historical background of the constitutional making and its importance for building a democratic India, the structure of Indian government, the structure of state government and the local Administration.
- Able to apply the knowledge on directive Principles of state policy, the knowledge in strengthening of the constitutional institutions like CAG, Election commission for sustaining democracy.
- Able to analyze the history, features of Indian constitution, the role of a governor and chief minister, role of state election commission, the decentralization of power between central, state and local self governments.
- Able to evaluate preamble, Fundamental rights, and duties, and local self government institutions.

